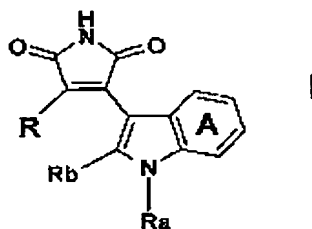


Amendments to the Claims:

Listing of the Claims:

Claim 1 (currently amended): A method for the treatment and/or prevention of neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation comprising administering Use of a an inhibitor of one or more of protein kinases PKC alpha, PKC beta, PKC gamma, PKC epsilon, PKC theta, CDK-1, KDR, PKA, Flt-1, Flt-2, Flt-3 and Flt-4, for the treatment and/or prevention of neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation.

Claim 2 (currently amended): The use method according to claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is a compound of formula I

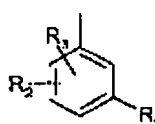


wherein

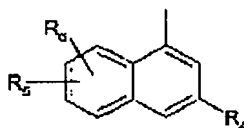
R_a is H; C₁₋₄alkyl; or C₁₋₄alkyl substituted by OH, NH₂, NHC₁₋₄alkyl or N(di-C₁₋₄alkyl)₂;

R_b is H; or C₁₋₄alkyl;

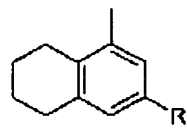
R is a radical of formula (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) or (f)



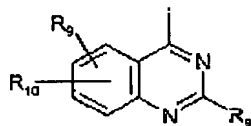
(a)



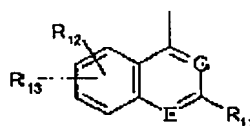
(b)



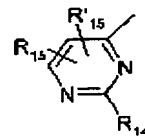
(c)



(d)



(e)



(f)

wherein

each of R₁, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₁₁ and R₁₄ is OH; SH; a heterocyclic residue; NR₁₆R₁₇ wherein each of R₁₆ and R₁₇, independently, is H or C₁₋₄alkyl or R₁₆ and R₁₇ form together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound a heterocyclic residue; or a radical of formula α



wherein X is a direct bond, O, S or NR₁₈ wherein R₁₈ is H or C₁₋₄alkyl,

R_c is C₁₋₄alkylene or C₁₋₄alkylene wherein one CH₂ is replaced by CR_xR_y wherein one of R_x and R_y is H and the other is CH₃, each of R_x and R_y is CH₃ or R_x and R_y form together –CH₂-CH₂–, and

Y is bound to the terminal carbon atom and is selected from OH, a heterocyclic residue and –NR₁₉R₂₀ wherein each of R₁₉ and R₂₀ independently is H, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl-C₁₋₄alkyl or C₁₋₄alkyl optionally substituted on the terminal carbon atom by OH, or R₁₉ and R₂₀ form together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound a heterocyclic residue;

each of R₂, R₃, R₅, R₆, R₉, R₁₀, R₁₂, R₁₃, R₁₅ and R'₁₅, independently, is H, halogen, C₁₋₄alkyl,

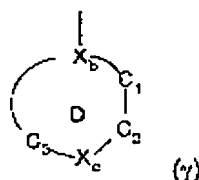
CF₃, OH, SH, NH₂, C₁₋₄alkoxy, C₁₋₄alkylthio, NHC₁₋₄alkyl, N(di-C₁₋₄alkyl)₂ or CN;

either E is –N= and G is –CH= or E is –CH= and G is –N=; and

or a salt thereof.

Claim 3 (currently amended): ~~Use A method according to claim 2 1 or 2 wherein the inhibitor is a compound according to claim 2,~~ wherein the heterocyclic residue as R₁, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₁₁, R₁₄ or Y or formed, respectively, by NR₁₆R₁₇ or NR₁₉R₂₀, is a three to eight membered saturated, unsaturated or aromatic heterocyclic ring comprising 1 or 2 heteroatoms, and optionally substituted on one or more ring carbon atoms and/or on a ring nitrogen atom when present.

Claim 4 (currently amended): ~~Use A method according to claim 2 1 or 2 wherein the inhibitor is a compound according to claim 2,~~ wherein the heterocyclic residue as R₁, R₄, R₇, R₈, R₁₁, R₁₄ or Y or formed, respectively, by NR₁₆R₁₇ or NR₁₉R₂₀, is a residue of formula (γ)



wherein


the ring D is a 5, 6 or 7 membered saturated, unsaturated or aromatic ring;

X_b is –N–, –C= or –CH–;

X_c is –N=, –NR_f–, –CR_f'= or –CHR_f'– wherein R_f is a substituent for a ring nitrogen atom and is selected from C₁₋₆alkyl; acyl; C₃₋₆cycloalkyl; C₃₋₆cycloalkyl-C₁₋₄alkyl; phenyl; phenyl-C₁₋₄alkyl; a heterocyclic residue; and a residue of formula β



wherein R_{21} is C_{1-4} alkylene or C_{2-4} alkylene interrupted by O and Y' is OH, NH_2 , $NH(C_{1-4}alkyl)$ or $N(C_{1-4}alkyl)_2$; and R_f' is a substituent for a ring carbon atom and is selected from $C_{1-4}alkyl$; C_3 .

$_6$ cycloalkyl optionally further substituted by $C_{1-4}alkyl$;  wherein p is 1, 2 or 3; CF_3 ;

halogen; OH; NH_2 ; $-CH_2-NH_2$; $-CH_2-OH$; piperidin-1-yl; and pyrrolidinyl;

the bond between C_1 and C_2 is either saturated or unsaturated;

each of C_1 and C_2 , independently, is a carbon atom which is optionally substituted by one or two substituents selected among those indicated above for a ring carbon atom; and

the line between C_3 and X_b and between C_1 and X_b , respectively, represents the number of carbon atoms as required to obtain a 5, 6 or 7 membered ring D.

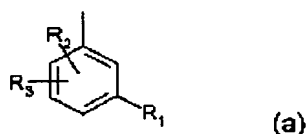
Claim 5 (currently amended): ~~A method according to Claim 4 use according to claim 1 to 4~~
~~wherein the inhibitor is a compound according to claim 2, wherein D is a piperazinyl ring~~
 optionally C- and/or N-substituted as specified in claim 4.

Claim 6 (currently amended): ~~Use according to claim 1 or 2~~ A method according to Claim 2
~~wherein the inhibitor is a compound according to claim 2, wherein~~

R_a is H; CH_3 ; CH_2-CH_3 ; or isopropyl,

R_b is H; halogen; $C_{1-6}alkoxy$; or $C_{1-6}alkyl$, and either

I. R is a radical of formula (a)



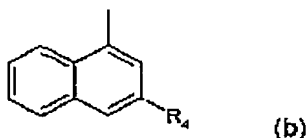
wherein

R_1 is piperazin-1-yl optionally substituted by CH_3 in position 3 or 4; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl;

R_2 is Cl; Br; CF_3 ; or CH_3 ; and

R_3 is H; CH_3 ; or CF_3 ; R_3 being other than H when R_a is H or CH_3 , R_b is H and R_1 is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

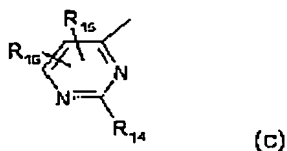
II. R is a radical of formula (b)



wherein

R₄ is piperazin-1-yl substituted in positions 3 and/or 4 by CH₃; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl; R_a being other than H or CH₃ when R₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

III. R is a residue of formula (c)



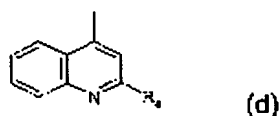
wherein

R₁₄ is piperazin-1-yl optionally substituted by CH₃ in position 3 and/or 4 or in position 3 by ethyl, phenyl-C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy-C₁₋₄alkyl or halogeno-C₁₋₄alkyl; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl;

R₁₅ is halogen; CF₃; or CH₃; R₁₅ being other than CH₃ when R_a is H or CH₃, R_b is H and R₁₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; and

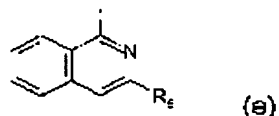
R₁₆ is H; CH₃; or CF₃; R₁₆ being other than H when R₁₅ is Cl, R_a is H or CH₃, R_b is H and R₁₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

IV. R is a radical of formula (d)



wherein R₈ is piperazin-1-yl, 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl or 4-benzyl-piperazin-1-yl; or

V. R is a radical of formula (e)



wherein R₉ is 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl; or piperazin-1-yl substituted in position 3 by methyl or ethyl and optionally in position 4 by methyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 7 (currently amended): A method according to Claim 1 ~~Use according to claim 1 or 2~~
~~wherein the inhibitor is a compound according to claim 1, wherein~~
 when R is of formula (a)

R₁ is -(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl), 1-piperazinyl, 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl or-(4,7-diaza spiro[2.5]oct-7-yl)

R₂ is 2-Cl or 2-CH₃

R₃ is 3-CH₃, 3-CF₃ or H

R_a is H or CH₃

And when,

R is of formula (b)

R₄ is -(4,7-diaza-spiro[2.5]oct-7-yl), 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl or 4-methyl-3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl

R_a is H or CH₃

And when

R is of formula (c)

R₁₄ is -4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl, 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl, -4,7-diaza-spiro[2.5]oct-7-yl, 1-piperazinyl, 4-methyl-3-methyl-piperazin-yl, 3-methoxyethyl-piperazin-1-yl, 3-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, 3-benzyl-piperazin-1-yl or 3-CH₂F-piperazin-1-yl

R₁₅ is Cl, Br, CF₃, F

R₁₆ is CH₃, H, CH₂-CH₃

R_a is H or CH₃

R_b is H, CH₂-CH₂-CH₃, F, CH(CH₃)₂, Cl, OCH₃, CH₃ or CH₂-CH₃

And when

R is of formula (d)

R₈ is 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl, 4-benzyl-1-piperazinyl or 1-piperazinyl

R_a is CH₃ or H

And when

R is of formula (e)

R₉ is -4,7-diaza-spiro[2.5]oct-7-yl, 3-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl, 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl, 4-methyl-3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl or 3-ethyl-piperazin-1-yl

R_a is H, CH₂-CH₃ or CH(CH₃)₂

R_b is CH₃, F, CH(CH₃)₂, OCH₃, CH₂-CH₃ or Cl

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 8 (currently amended): ~~Use according to claim 1, 2~~ A method according to Claim 1 wherein the inhibitor is 3-[2-Chloro-5-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-3-trifluoromethyl-phenyl]-4-(1H-indol-3-yl)-pyrrole-2,5-dione or 3-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-4-[2-(4-methyl-piperazin-1-yl)-quinazolin-4-yl]-pyrrole-2,5-dione; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

Claim 9 (currently amended): A method according to Claim 1 ~~Use according to any one of the claims 1-8~~ wherein a daily dose of 10 to 800 mg of a compound is administered to an adult human.

Claim 10 (currently amended): ~~Use according to any one of claims 1-8~~ A method according to Claim 1 wherein the disorder to be treated is selected from Down's Syndrome, memory and

cognitive impairment, dementia, amyloid neuropathies, brain inflammation, nerve and brain trauma, vascular amyloidosis, or cerebral hemorrhage with amyloidosis.

Claim 11 (currently amended): A method of treating mammals suffering from neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation which comprises administering to a said mammal in need of such treatment a pharmaceutical composition comprising

(a) a dose, effective against neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation, an inhibitor of formula I according to claim 1 ~~any one of the claims 1—8~~ or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and

(b) a therapeutically effective amount of a second drug selected from drugs used to treat neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation.

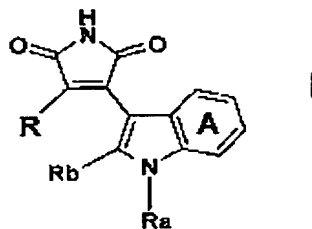
Claim 12 (canceled):

Claim 13 (currently amended): A pharmaceutical composition for use in the treatment of a neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation comprising an inhibitor of formula I according to claim 1 ~~any one of the claims 1—8~~.

Claim 14 (currently amended): A method of treating a warm blooded animal having a neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of an inhibitor according to ~~any one of claims 1—8~~ claim 1.

Claim 15 (currently amended): A combination comprising an inhibitor according to ~~any one of claims 1—8~~ claim 1, and a therapeutically effective amount of a second drug selected from drugs used to treat neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation.

Claim 16 (currently amended): ~~A commercial package~~ A pharmaceutical composition comprising an inhibitor of formula I

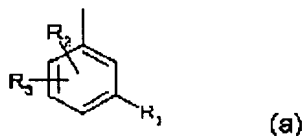


wherein

R_a is H; CH₃; CH₂-CH₃; or isopropyl,

R_b is H; halogen; C₁₋₆alkoxy; or C₁₋₆alkyl, and either

I. R is a radical of formula (a)



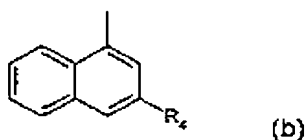
wherein

R₁ is piperazin-1-yl optionally substituted by CH₃ in position 3 or 4; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl;

R₂ is Cl; Br; CF₃; or CH₃; and

R₃ is H; CH₃; or CF₃; R₃ being other than H when R_a is H or CH₃, R_b is H and R₁ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

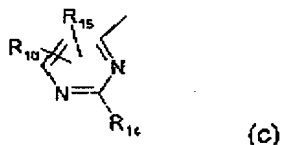
II. R is a radical of formula (b)



wherein

R₄ is piperazin-1-yl substituted in positions 3 and/or 4 by CH₃; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl; R_a being other than H or CH₃ when R₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

R is a residue of formula (c)



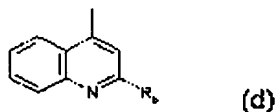
wherein

R₁₄ is piperazin-1-yl optionally substituted by CH₃ in position 3 and/or 4 or in position 3 by ethyl, phenyl-C₁₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy-C₁₋₄alkyl or halogeno-C₁₋₄alkyl; or 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl;

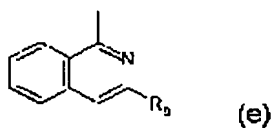
R₁₅ is halogen; CF₃; or CH₃; R₁₅ being other than CH₃ when R_a is H or CH₃, R_b is H and R₁₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; and

R₁₆ is H; CH₃; or CF₃; R₁₆ being other than H when R₁₅ is Cl, R_a is H or CH₃, R_b is H and R₁₄ is 4-methyl-1-piperazinyl; or

IV. R is a radical of formula (d)



wherein R_8 is piperazin-1-yl, 3-methyl-piperazin-1-yl or 4- benzyl-piperazin-1-yl; or
 V. R is a radical of formula (e)



wherein R_9 is 4,7-diaza-spiro [2.5] oct-7-yl; or piperazin-1-yl substituted in position 3 by methyl or ethyl and optionally in position 4 by methyl; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in the treatment of neurological and vascular disorders related to beta-amyloid generation and/or aggregation, ~~together with instructions for simultaneous, separate or sequential use thereof in the treatment of a proliferative disease.~~